Construction of the full coding information for murine J-chain protein from cDNA and its homologous genomic clone

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The cDNA for murine J-chain (MJ-cDNA) (1) contains a short complementary inversion at its 5'-end (2). Replacing this segment by the appropriate genomic fragment was achieved through the HinfI restriction site immediately downstream the inversion, where no intron exists (2). The nearby single KonI recognition site circumvented the complication caused by 10 additional HinfI sites on the pBR322 vector carrying the genomic clone (pPEs). The 5'-end PstI-HinfI fragment of pPEs and the appropriate HinfI fragment of MJ-cDNA were introduced into the PstI site of pUC9 (3) after removing a 15 bp PstI-SmaI fragment, sequentially and in the correct orientation because the nucleotide sequences of the two HinfI sites flanking this fragment (H1 and H2) are not identical (Figure). The remaining HinfI sticky end was filledin, and the blunt end thus formed (H2\*) ligated to the SmaI open end. The resultant 585 bp fragment (Jcf) contains most coding information for

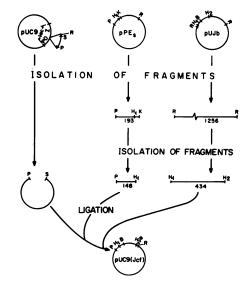
The resultant 585 bp fragment (Jcf) contains most coding information for J-chain and 122 bp upstream, but lacks the coding information for the five C-terminal amino acids. To obtain the complete coding information for J-

chain (Jci), the <a href="BamHI-EcoRI">BamHI-EcoRI</a> large fragment from Jcf-containing pUC9 [<a href="EcoRI">EcoRI</a> overlapping the original <a href="SmaI">SmaI</a> site of the polylinker (3)] <a href="was aligated">was</a> ligated to the <a href="BamHI-EcoRI">BamHI-EcoRI</a> fragment from <a href="MJ-cDNA">MJ-cDNA</a> (1).

- (1) Cann, G.M., Zaritsky, A. & Koshland M.E. (1982) Proc. natl. Acad. Sci. USA 79, 6656-6660.
- (2) Matsuuchi, L., Cann, G.M. & Koshland, M.E. (1986) Proc. natl. Acad. Sci. USA <u>83</u>, 456-460.
- (3) Vieira, J. & Messing, J. (1982) Gene 19, 259-268.

## FIGURE LEGEND

Recognition sites for the following enzymes drawn to scale: B, BamHI; K, KpnI; P, PstI; E, EcoRI; S, SmaI; H<sub>1</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>, two different sites for HinfI; H<sub>2</sub>\*, the filled-in H<sub>2</sub>. IacPOZ, promoter, operator and structural genes for beta-galactosidase, including a polylinker (3).



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